**THE HEART OF THE CIVIL WAR ARCHAEOLOGICAL PARK**

The Heart of the Civil War Archaeological Park is a 1,057-acre park that encompasses the aftershot area of Gettysburg National Military Park. The park is located in Gettysburg, Pennsylvania, and is managed by the National Park Service. It is a designated National Historical Landmark and is open to the public year-round.

**THE HEART OF THE CIVIL WAR SATURDAY FESTIVAL**

The Heart of the Civil War Festival is a free, family-friendly event that takes place in Gettysburg, Pennsylvania. The festival features a variety of activities, including live music, food, and historical reenactments. The festival is held on the third Saturday of every month, and is a popular destination for visitors of all ages.

**THE HEART OF THE CIVIL WAR NOW AND THEN TOUR**

The Heart of the Civil War Now and Then Tour is a guided tour that explores the history of the area around Gettysburg. The tour takes visitors to various sites, including battlefields, museums, and historic homes. The tour is offered by local guides who are knowledgeable about the history of the region.

**HEART OF THE CIVIL WAR MUSEUM**

The Heart of the Civil War Museum is located in Gettysburg, Pennsylvania. The museum offers a variety of exhibits and resources that explore the history of the Civil War. Visitors can learn about the causes and consequences of the war, as well as the lives of those who fought and lived through it.
As a border state with a sizable pro-Southern constituency, Maryland was crucial to the outcome of the Civil War. Maryland’s political leaders believed in states’ rights and were strongly opposed to the Union’s interference in state matters. In April 1861, issues of slavery and states’ rights had brought the state to the brink of a civil war. Maryland’s leaders feared that a Union victory could lead to a moral crusade to free the enslaved. The system of guides and places of refuge in Maryland was more extensive than in other border states. Maryland’s proximity to the South made it a key location for Confederate troop movements and supply lines. Marylanders faced the choice of remaining loyal to the Union or seceding with the South. To ensure its loyalty, Abraham Lincoln advised Maryland Governor M. F. Wise to avoid alarming the people, to make no unwarranted promises or commitments, and to avoid the appearance of partiality. Wise’s administration avoided the appearance of partiality and took steps to ensure Maryland’s loyalty to the Union. The Maryland Railtrail (now WV) was a vital transportation and supply link during the Civil War.

Maryland Railtrail (now WV) events:

- **1862**: Confederates Army crosses Potomac at Key Bridge, MD or beginning of Maryland Campaign.
- **1863**: Camp Corbit’s Charge at Myersville, MD.
- **1864**: Confederate forces cross into Maryland from Harpers Ferry, MD.
- **1865**: Jubal Early’s Raid on Washington, D.C.

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